Revolution changing the medical world

Special topics about medical power supply

For PC system of colorful diagnostic imaging, speedy dynamic picture image, and ATX power supply which provides DC power to speedy& high capacity video card using more and more evolving GPU, 800W-1000W class products are required. Also, other medical equipment has DC power source.

This time, Nipron has developed various kinds of medical standards complied power supply, and we feature requirements and specifications that are specially needed as medical electric systems.



What is Medical Standards **Management Board?**

Standard which intend to medical electrical system

Requirements about electric systems used in clinical practice are contained. Also contained is technical requirement which exceed general information processing system about basic requirement of safety such as electrification, insulation.

International Standard Based on IEC60601-1, there are various specifications.

Classification		IEC specification NO. (Establishment date)	IEC specification NO. (Establishment date)		
	Basic Standard	IEC60601-1 (1988) IEC60601-1 IEC60601-1	Medical electrical equipment: general requirement of safety ⇔JIS T 0601-1(1999)		
		IEC60601-1-1 (1992) IEC60601-1-1	Safety requirement of medical electrical system ⇔JIS T 0601-1-1(1999)		
		IEC60601-1-2 (1993)	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - requirement and test		
		IEC60601-1-3 (1994)	General requirement about radiation protection		
		IEC60601-1-4 (1996)	Medical electrical system for programming - safety		
		IEC60601-1-5 (200X)	Image quality and dose of Diagnostic X-ray apparatus		
	Particular	IEC60601-2-28 (1993)	 X-ray source assembly safety 		
	Standard	IEC60601-2-32 (1994)	 Related equipment(devices) safety 		
		IEC60601-2-45/ Ed. 1(1998) →IEC60601-2-45/Ed. 2(2001) →IEC60601-2-45/Ed. 3(200X)	Breast X-ray apparatus and breast filming stereotactic equipment ⇔JIS Z 4751-2-45(2001)		
management	Basic Standard	IEC61223-1 (1993)	Evaluation and routine determination of quality maintenance for Medical picture category: general rule ⇔JIS 2 4751-2-1(2001)		
	Particular	IEC61223-2-10 (1999)	Invariance test for breast X-ray apparatus		
	Standard	IEC61223-3-2 (1996) →IEC61223-3-2/Ed_2(200X)	Acceptance for breast X-ray apparatus		

What's different from present power supply specification?

Medical Standards (IEC60601-1) will be hard to comply than Information equipment Standards (IEC60950-1). Designing requirements are shown below

- Fuse is without a tip
- Leakage current
- 0. 3mA or less necessary at AC264V, 60Hz
- (patient-care system class I)
- Dielectric strength: 4kV (between primary and secondary)
- Insulating distance (approx. 1.5 times of IEC60950-1 Standard)

Advantages of medical standards complied power supply

Applying standards for power supply installed system

AC

• Power supply NOT complied

When power supply does not comply with the standards, customers are required to prepare for input fuses and insulating transformer etc. Because fuses and transformer will be installed separately, system will be large and expensive.

```
FG
```

mNSP3/mPCSA, mGPSA series (complied)

These series are all done to be double and reinforced insulation. That is why we are able to satisfy this requirement.

You will not need to prepare for extra fuses or transformer. Also, it is compact and inexpensive rather than using power supplies those are not complying whith the standards.

ATTN:

- Please be careful with specifications/cautions for competitors' medical power supply as shown below
- Certified as basic insulation, extra insulation circuit is required outside the power supply
- Insulating material must be used in system chassis when it is used near the patient or other than that.
- When applying for medical systems standards, safety standards certified fuses or breaker needs to be connected to input terminal
- Conducted emissions are FCC-A, VCC-A, ripple will be 1.5 times of standard.

Four fields of the standard

Medical system are one of the international fields, and are classified into 4 different fields considering the effects on human body.

For production and distribution of relatively low risk (class II) system and external diagnostic medicines, private third party certification authority began to certify on behalf of the country.

Below is the comparison of classification on acceptance & necessity by the country and certification division of revised law.

International division	Medical equipment division based on risk	Past	After constriction 2005
Class I	Effects on human body in case of failure is considered very low. (Ex. extrasomatic diagnostic instrument, X-ray film)	Need no certification	Self-certification
Class II	Effects on human body in case of failure is considered lower. (Ex. MRI, electronic blood pressure, digestive catheter, ultrasonograph)	Government certification	Certification by third party
Class III	Effects on human body in case of failure is considered higher. (Ex. dialyzer, artificial ventilator)	Government	Government certification
Class IV	Effects on human body in case of failure is considered loss of life. (Ex. pace maker, artificial heart valve)	certification	

mNSP/mPCSA series and mGPSA series matches class I, II. Please consult about matching systems for class III, IV.

Macro shock

Graph is the reaction of human body when mating current (50 or 60[Hz]) flow in through surface of skin.

These show the current value when the current flowed 1 sec. in adult male's body.

2/3 of its value is said for female, and 1/2 for children It starts feeling pins-and-needles sensations at

approx.1 [mA]=(1/1000[A]) and it is called mir perception current. When the current is large, it flows not only through the surface but also inner part of the body, which causes various symptoms.

Let-go 10 - 20[mA] root (E0 or 60Hz)

If a certain level of the current flowed through the heart, muscle of the heart starts excitation contraction and stops pumping out the blood. This kind of heart condition is called "ventricular fibrillation It is also said that ventricular fibrillation will happen when the amount of the current flowed through the surface of the skin goes up to 100[mA] or more.

Micro shock

It is said that human body can cause "ventricular fibrillation" with aprox.100[uA](=0.1[mA]) when the current directly flowed into the body especially near heart. This current value is called "micro shock ventricular fibrillation induced current"

Therefore, medical system that its electrode is used near heart is regulated to reduce especially "the le current" by JIS standards.



Transition of Medical Standards

At present, IEC60601-1 3rd is issued. From this standard, risk management is required. Because it was not enough to manage the quality of medical systems only by ISO9001, ISO14971 is issued and we will have to satisfy the requirements based on it. (Certification authority such as UL etc. are not ready to deal with it. It will be applied some time later.) Medical Standards are hard to complied, contains various kinds, and is keep changing many times. It is risky for us NIPRON, but we will investigate and handle it with full efforts.

Realizing minimally invasive surgery by image information







Peripheral

(HDD/CD-ROM)

Mother board

Graphic board

Graphic board

Highly-reliable/highly-functional medical computers Had been waited eagerly for Medical Standard "UL, CSA, IEC60601-1" Complied PSU

mNSP3/mPCSA Series

Input/output	specific	ation	[]:m	PCSA-50	00P-X2S
Output voltage	+3.3V	+5V	+12V	-12V	+5VSB
Max aurrent/ nowar	20A	22A	22A	05 4	24
(continuous)	Total 285 W			0.5.A	ZA
(continuous)	Total 301 W				
Deels eument/neuven	30A	33A	30A	0.54	2.54
Peak current/ power	Total 432 W [482 W]		0.5A	2.3A	
(within 55)	Total 450.5 W [500.5 W]				
Min. current	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A
Input voltage	AC85~264V				

Low leakage current specification

Satisfy 0.3mA or less leakage current (AC264V input) to comply Medical standard IEC60601-1 and class I (3P input plug with earthing)

Load condition: Rated Leakage current measured value (example)								
Rated input V	mNSP3-450P-S20-H1V	mPCSA-500P-X2S						
AC100V	0.09 mA	0.09 mA						
AC264V	0.25 mA	0.25 mA						

 Conducted emission class B compliant Generally, conducted emission is tend to be sacrificed to specify low leakage current (generate more noise), but we satisfy conducted emission class B for low leakage current spec. (installed in computer chassis, measured at load factor 70%)

<ATTN> For customers who needs

1000W output ATX PSU (Medical Standard incompliant)

As great capacity ATX power supply

There is a growing need for 1000W output class ATX power supply for the graphic board (VGA) which capacity is becoming greater and greater. As a power supply to satisfy these needs, GNSP2-1000P-12X05 perfectly suits the field that handles with image processing apparatus including systems for medical purpose

Output specification



Nonstop power supply mPCSA-500P-X2S mNSP3-450P-S20-H1V Peal Peak max max 300W 450 300W

Because it is double and reinforced insulation type, Medical standards matched commercial insulating transformer is unnecessary (low cost, downsizing)

New Product Development News

AVR AVR

AVR

We are under development for 1000W class nonstop type ATX power supply towards release in April 2010. Design to comply with medical standard IEC 60601-1. energy saving 80 Plus compliant.

ak 530W

ak 540W

o +12V1 28A

-0 +5V 21A -0 +3.3V 14

-0 -12V 0.3/

• +5VSB 1.5A

+12V2 30A

+12V3 30A

GNSP3-1000P-12X05 type

High cost, heavy weight commercial insulating transformer will be UNNECESSARY. mGPSA-360/750 Series



Output voltage 30A 15A Rated output current mPSA-360 AC100V 40A 20.8A Peak output series current AC200V 40A 25A 56A 30A Rated output current mPSA-750 70A 37.5A Peak output AC100V series current

supply

- Hight 3U, width 1U/2U sized rack embedded size
- Blackout detection signal available



Specifications, design, prices on this catalogue are subject to change without advance not When using our products, please ask us for "product specifications" and check the specifications to use it correctly

Front PC power supply for medical system